

FOOD WILL WIN THE
WAR — DON'T WASTE
IT

The Seward Gateway

HE WHO WASTE
CRUST OF BREAD
LONGS THE WAR

Daily Edition, and The Alaska Weekly Post

SEWARD, ALASKA, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1918.

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HUNS ARE GIVEN 72 HOURS TO SIGN THE ARMISTICE NO CESSATION OF HOSTILITIES WAR KEEPS PRINCE HENRY GOING ON ON HIS WAY IN FRANCE

FLU AT NOME

NOME, Nov., 8.—Three hundred whites and scores of Eskimos are suffering from the influenza.

Superintendent of Education Walter Shields, who has been here for over 12 years, and Martin Anderson, of the Coast Guard, are among those dying from the epidemic.

Many eskimos have been found frozen to death in their cabins when the doors were broken in by the health authorities. The weather is below zero.

The Holy Cross hospital is being reopened for the sick.

Everything is closed here.

Seventy soldiers are reported to be ill at Fort Davis.

WATSON SAILS

Delayed three days at Snug Harbor unloading freight and then running into snow storms, the Admiral Watson, Capt. C. S. Glascock arrived in port at 11:30 o'clock last night and left for the south at 10 o'clock this forenoon. The Admiral Watson had 12 tons of freight for here.

The following passengers left Seward on the Admiral Watson:—for Seattle—Victor Anderson, Fred Anderson and wife, John Madson, O. Frantzen and wife, Robert Wettring, W. C. Edes and wife, C. Mason and wife, T. M. Harr, H. O. Roberts, C. H. Robinson and wife, O. Larson, A. Lennison, Charles Willis, George Steel, P. Leonard, John O. Lean, Harry Fiske, E. J. Sliter and wife, W. M. Baldwin and nine stowage; for Cordova—Geo. Osborne and wife, and R. J. Settles; for LaTouche—Lee Jander, Nick Latu, Dan Vuetch and wife; for Valdez—Theodore Chapin.

Nine day's mail from Seattle, via Anchorage, Snug Harbor and various other places, reached here on the Admiral Watson. The first class mail was all boxed by 10 o'clock this forenoon.

PARIS, Nov., 8.—The French have resumed the advance along the entire front and reached the railway junction at Liart, 20 miles north of Bethel. The French have captured Singly, 5 miles south of Mezeires and also taken Frenois, one mile west of Sedan.

SEDAN IN HANDS OF YANKS

PARIS, Nov., 8.—It is officially announced that the American forces occupied Sedan at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

ARTILLERY ACTION.

WITH THE AMERICANS, Nov., 8.—Artillery and machine guns are active in all advance places around Sedan. There is no infantry action today.

ON SEDAN FRONT.

WITH THE AMERICANS ON THE SEDAN FRONT, Nov., 8.—The Germans during a lull in removing infantry and getting ready for artillery action retreated slightly from the Sedan-Stenay-Conflans-Longuyon roads towards Metz. When the Americans entered Sedan, part of the city was burning.

BRITISH KEEP GOING

LONDON, Nov., 8.—The British are operating successfully over a wide front this afternoon.

SERBIANS CROSS DANUBE.

LONDON, Nov., 8.—The Serbians have crossed the Danube into Hungary where they were received with the greatest of enthusiasm. The Serbians forces will do police duty over a wide section of Hungary.

TRAIN OUT TOMORROW

A train will leave tomorrow morning at 7 o'clock for Bird Point connecting with the Anchorage train. The train from Bird Point will reach here late tomorrow night.

MEDALS OF LUFBERY TO GO TO CONNECTICUT TOWN

NEW HAVEN CONN., Nov., 8.—Medals which Major Raoul Lufbery, the noted American aviator and aviator who was shot down on the western front last spring, had received during his flying career, probably will be given to Wallingford, Conn., the home of his parents. This is the intention expressed by Edward Lufbery, the aviator's father.

ELECTION IN DOUBT

Remote districts will probably decide the delegate election in Alaska. According to the Daily Citizen, of Fairbanks, and the Sulzer and Wickersham headquarters at Juneau, outlying districts will settle the contest and all three indicate that these returns should be favorable to Sulzer.

In this district, LaTouche and Ellemar returns are not in as well as several other precincts where it is believed that Sulzer was stronger than Wickersham.

IN THE FIRST DIVISION.

JUNEAU, Nov., 8.—With strong Sulzer precincts of Chignikoff, Tanakee, Sulzer, Tokene and other precincts, the aggregate of which should favor Sulzer, the vote of the first Division is as follows: Sulzer 1230 and Wickersham 1251. Unreported precincts should give Sulzer between 125 to 150 plurality.

In the second division, with Nemo Council, Candle and St. Michael reported, Give Wickersham a plurality of 144. It is not believed that this will be increased. In the fourth division Wickersham leads by 54. Unreported precincts will give out this according to wires from Fairbanks and substitute a Sulzer plurality.

James Wickersham left Juneau today on a Canadian Pacific steamer for Seattle. Before leaving Mr. Wickersham stated that if the Third Division gave Sulzer 150 votes over him Sulzer would be elected.

The Wickersham headquarters give Sulzer 1218 for First Division and Wickersham 1241 with practically all Sulzer precincts yet to be reported.

AT SELDOVIA

The following are the complete election returns from Seldovia:—

Connolly 8, Wickersham 105, Sulzer 11, German 9, Price 30, Ward 39, Wilkinson 24, Frame 49, Green 37, Henry 15, Murray 39, Neklason 11, Noon 42, Patterson 13, Ray 24, Reed 36, Slater 60, Small 21, Galen 33, Lee 18, Olson 9, Wilson 38.

IN THE FOURTH

FAIRBANKS, NOV., 8.—Returns

AMSTERDAM, Nov., 8.—Prince Henry, the Kaiser's brother, left Kiel on Wednesday afternoon in an automobile which had been decorated with red flags. The Prince was pursued by Marines who fired at him. Prince Henry was on his way for some place and has not been reported since.

to date give Sulzer 1100 in this division and Wickersham 1174 with many remote precincts, believed to be heard from.

SENATE IS CLOSE

WASHINGTON, Nov., 8.—The Republicans claim 48 seats in the United States Senate and the Democrats are conceded 46. Idaho is still in doubt.

MAY STOP DRAFT CALL

WASHINGTON, Nov., 8.—Provost Marshal General Crowder today called his aides to a conference to discuss the possible suspension of the November draft calls for 300,000 men. With 4,000,000 men under arms it is now believed that no more men will be needed.

HUN REBELS CONTROL

ogne Gazette says that the revolution in Bremen was effected in two hours. The Marines and soldiers demanded the creation of a social Democratic Republic. Women helped the marines to open the prison gates.

LONDON, Nov., 8.—The cities of Bremen, Schwerin and Tilset have joined the German revolution according to Copenhagen dispatches.

This afternoon a second Copenhagen dispatch says that Dr. Karl Liebknecht arranged the formation of the Soldier's council at Bremen.

PARIS, NOV., 8.—(Official)—The War Department issues a statement which is as follows:—
"German delegates arrived at Foch's headquarters, formally demanded armistice text of terms of the Allies' conditions; these were read to the delegation; the delegation asked for immediate cessation of arms; this was refused. The enemy has 72 hours in which to make a definite answer to the armistice terms."

CEASE FIRING

PARIS, Nov., 8.—Yesterday afternoon the German Grand Headquarters requested the Allied Grand Headquarters, by wireless, to permit the passage of the German delegation, for armistice negotiations, through the lines. The order was given to cease firing on this particular front only at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon until further orders. The German emissaries reached the French outposts Thursday night between 8 and 10 o'clock.

TIME UNTIL MONDAY.

PARIS, Nov., 8.—(Official)—The seventy two hours given the Germans to reply to the armistice terms will end at 11 o'clock Monday morning.

An American representative was at Commander-in-Chief Foch's right hand during the conference with the German delegation.

FOCH TO ANNOUNCE IT.

WASHINGTON, Nov., 8.—The German armistice delegation entered into a conference with Commander-in-Chief Foch at 9 o'clock this morning according to an official report received here. If the Germans must refer the terms to Berlin, they will be given 72 hours to answer.

The German delegation crossed the Allied lines near Lacapelle last night to receive the terms of the Allies. The meeting was in the headquarters of the Department of Aisne.

It is understood emphatically that Foch will announce the word of the signing of the armistice, if it is signed, whenever the news comes. This announcement will then be made to President Wilson, of the United States and also to Admiral Wemyss, First British Sea Lord and Major General Weygand, Foch's assistant, at the front.

NOT TO WITHHOLD NEWS.

WASHINGTON, Nov., 8.—At Pres-

ident Wilson's direction, Secretary State Lansing today issued a statement that the government will withhold the news of the armistice signing for one minute. The State department will announce the decision as soon as it is reached and has been signed by the German delegation. Foch.

NO CESSATION OF WAR.

LONDON, Nov., 8.—There is cessation in hostilities until the armistice is signed. The Allies will permit the Germans to haggle; that nation must either accept conditions or continue the fight.

NO COMPROMISE.

PARIS, Nov., 8.—Early this evening the government statement was issued that there will be no efforts a compromise or evasion permitted the Germans. No change from the original armistice plans will be tolerated. The Germans must take the Allied and American offer, lay down their arms or there will be no interruption of the great offensive.

MILLIONS ARE HOAXED.

NEW YORK, Nov., 8.—Millions of Americans were hoaxed into celebrating the end of the war yesterday. United Press dispatches saying the armistice had been signed and fighting ended.

The fighting is still continuing day according to French and British statements, harder than ever. Official statements both in England and the United States denounce reports of yesterday as dangerous and most misleading at such a critical time.

Several were killed here celebrating by shooting fireworks.

HOLD BIG PARADE.

NEW YORK, Nov., 8.—Thousands of shipyard workers discarded their tools yesterday on Staten Island, entered the harbor and marched along Broadway when the false reports of the armistice signed were given.

R. R. PICTURES GOOD.

The railroad pictures shown at Liberty theatre last night were exceptionally good and instructive. Pictures of the Seward division are shown Matanuska farm and the incident surrounding the last steel laying connecting the Seward and Anchorage divisions.